

Item 1: Cover Page

FORTITUDE FAMILY OFFICE, LLC

Form ADV Part 2A Brochure

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This brochure provides information about the qualifications and business practices of Fortitude Family Office, LLC. If you have any questions about the contents of this brochure, please contact us at the telephone number or email address listed above. The information in this brochure has not been approved or verified by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or by any state securities authority. Fortitude Family Office, LLC is a registered investment adviser, but registration does not imply a certain level of skill or training.

Additional information about Fortitude Family Office, LLC is also available on the SEC's website at www.adviserinfo.sec.gov and by searching for CRD# 317615.

Item 2: Material Changes

In this Item, Fortitude Family Office, LLC is required to identify and discuss material changes since the last time this brochure was updated. Since this brochure was prepared as part of Fortitude Family Office, LLC's initial application for registration as an investment adviser, there are no such material changes to identify or discuss.

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Item 4: Advisory Business

A. Fortitude Family Office, LLC (“Adviser”) is an investment adviser founded in 2021 and registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), and is principally owned by Matthew Walker through a holding company.

B. Adviser offers the following types of advisory services:

- i. Wealth management. Adviser provides ongoing discretionary investment management services to its clients based upon each client’s current financial condition, goals, risk tolerance, income, liquidity requirements, investment time horizon, and other information that is relevant to the management of clients’ account(s). This information will then be used to make investment decisions that reflect clients’ individual needs and objectives on an initial and ongoing basis. Adviser’s investment decisions will allocate portions of clients’ account(s) to various asset classes classified according to historical and projected risks and rates of return. Adviser will retain the discretion to buy, sell, or otherwise transact in securities and other investments in a client’s accounts without first receiving the Client’s specific approval for each transaction. Such discretionary authority is granted by a client in his or her investment management agreement with Adviser. Clients may impose restrictions on investing in certain securities or types of securities so long as such restrictions may reasonably be implemented by Adviser.

For its high net worth and institutional clients, Adviser also provides family office management, institutional consulting, business and tax management and philanthropic services. Certain tax, accounting, and business management services are provided through Adviser’s affiliate, Walker Accounting Group LLC (“Walker Accounting Group”), though clients are free to retain other independent and unaffiliated professional advisors as they see fit.

- ii. Financial planning. When rendering financial planning services (which is generally provided in connection with wealth management services), Adviser will evaluate and make recommendations with respect to various financial planning topics that are relevant to a particular client. Such topics can include, for example, retirement planning, education savings, cash flow management, debt reduction, estate planning, insurance needs, risk mitigation, tax planning, charitable giving strategies, and/or financial goal tracking. Implementation of Adviser’s recommendations will be at the discretion of the client.

When rendering financial planning services, a conflict exists between Adviser’s interests and the interests of its clients; clients are under no obligation to act upon Adviser’s financial planning recommendations. If a client elects to act on any of the recommendations made by Adviser, the client is under no obligation to effect the transaction through Adviser or any of its personnel.

- iii. Selection of other investment advisers. From time to time and when appropriate for a particular client, Adviser will recommend or retain an independent and third-party investment adviser (“Third-Party Adviser”) to manage all or a portion of a client’s portfolio. Third-Party Advisers are evaluated based on a variety of factors, not the least of which include performance return history, asset class specialization, management tenure, and risk profile. Adviser will conduct due diligence as appropriate to confirm that such Third-Party Advisers are duly registered and otherwise well-equipped to manage such clients’ accounts. Adviser generally retains the discretionary authority to hire or fire such Third-Party Advisers with or without notice to the client. In all such instances in which a Third-Party Adviser is to provide administrative or investment services to a client, Adviser will confirm that such Third-Party Adviser is appropriately registered and will perform other due diligence as appropriate.

- C. Adviser does not participate in any wrap fee programs.
- D. Since this brochure was filed as part of Adviser's initial registration, Adviser does not yet manage any discretionary or non-discretionary client assets.

Item 5: Fees and Compensation

- A. Adviser is compensated for its advisory services by fees charged based on a client's assets under management with Adviser, by fixed fees, and/or by hourly fees. Fees are negotiable, and each client's specific fee schedule is included as part of the investment advisory agreement signed by Adviser and the client.

Asset-based fees for investment management services generally range from 0.15% to 1% per annum based on the amount of assets designated to be under Adviser's management, and charged quarterly in advance based on gross account values as of the prior quarter-end (inclusive of cash balances but net of outstanding margin balances). Fixed fees generally range between \$20,000 to \$1,500,000 per annum based on the nature, complexity, and extent of the services requested by the client, and are charged in periodic increments over the course of the year as agreed with the client. Hourly fees generally range from \$270 to \$600 per hour based on the particular financial professional rendering the services, and are charged upon presentation of an itemized invoice.

Fees are generally directly deducted from one or more of a client's designated accounts, but clients may also pay electronically via ACH, debit card, or credit card, if preferred.

- B. Fees will vary from client to client for the same or similar services, as Adviser retains the sole discretion to negotiate fees as it deems fit based on factors such as pre-existing personal or professional relationships, expected asset growth, familiar relationships, the nature and complexity of the services to be rendered, and other factors.
- C. In addition to the fees charged by Adviser, clients will incur brokerage and other transaction costs. Please refer to Item 12: Brokerage Practices, for further information on such brokerage and other transaction-related practices. Clients will also typically incur additional fees and expenses imposed by independent and unaffiliated third-parties, which can include qualified custodian fees, mutual fund or exchange traded fund fees and expenses, mark-ups and mark-downs, spreads paid to market makers, wire transfer fees, check-writing fees, early-redemption charges, certain deferred sales charges on previously-purchased mutual funds, margin fees, charges or interest, IRA and qualified retirement plan fees, and other fees and taxes on brokerage accounts and securities transactions. These additional charges are separate and apart from the fees charged by Adviser.
- D. If Adviser or client terminates the advisory agreement before the end of a billing period, Adviser's fees will be prorated through the effective date of the termination. The pro rata fees for the remainder of the quarterly billing period after the termination will be refunded to client. To the extent any fees are charged in arrears, Adviser's fees will be prorated through the effective date of the termination with any remaining balance charged to the client.
- E. Neither Adviser nor any of its supervised persons accepts compensation for the sale of securities or other investment products.

Item 6: Performance-Based Fees & Side-By-Side Management

Neither Adviser nor any of its supervised persons accepts performance-based fees (fees based on a share of capital gains or capital appreciation of the assets of a client).

Item 7: Types of Clients

Adviser generally provides its services to high-net-worth individuals, trusts, business entities, and charitable organizations. There is no minimum account value required to open and maintain an account with Adviser.

Item 8: Methods of Analysis, Investment Strategies & Risk of Loss

- A. The investment strategies used by Adviser when formulating investment advice or managing assets include risk-based diversification across multiple asset classes and investment types. Adviser's investment process combines macro and micro economic research to develop global themes and biases based on demographic, economic, and geopolitical landscapes. Adviser believes that certain sectors of markets are highly competitive and investors are unlikely to be able to generate alpha from individual asset selection within certain asset classes. In turn, Adviser relies on diversification and a deep understanding of clients' individual goals and objectives in relation to their risk and return preferences. Investing in securities involves risk of loss that clients should be prepared to bear. Past performance does not guarantee future returns.
- B. Like any investment strategy, risk-based diversification across multiple asset classes and investment types involves material risks. Such material risks are described in further detail below:
- i. Investing for the long term means that a client's account will be exposed to short-term fluctuations in the market and the behavioral impulse to make trading decisions based on such short-term market fluctuations. Adviser does not condone short-term trading in an attempt to "time" the market, and instead coaches clients to remain committed to their financial goals. However, investing for the long term can expose clients to risks borne out of changes to interest rates, inflation, general economic conditions, market cycles, geopolitical shifts, and regulatory changes.
 - ii. Inflation risk is the risk that the value of a client's portfolio will not appreciate at least in an amount equal to inflation over time. General micro- and macro-economic conditions may also affect the value of the securities held in a client's portfolio, and general economic downturns can trigger corresponding losses across various assets classes and security types. Market cycles may cause overall volatility and fluctuations in a portfolio's value, and may increase the likelihood that securities are purchased when values are comparatively high and/or that securities are sold when values are comparatively low. Geopolitical shifts may result in market uncertainty, lowered expected returns, and general volatility in both domestic and international securities. Regulatory changes may have a negative impact on capital formation and increase the costs of doing business, and therefore result in decreased corporate profits and corresponding market values of securities.
 - iii. Investing in mutual funds does not guarantee a return on investment, and shareholders of a mutual fund may lose the principal that they've invested into a particular mutual fund. Mutual funds invest into underlying securities that comprise the mutual fund, and as such clients are exposed to the risks arising from such underlying securities. Mutual funds charge internal expenses to their shareholders (which can include management fees, administration fees, shareholder servicing fees, sales loads, redemption fees, and other fund fees and expenses, e.g.), and such internal expenses subtract from its potential for market appreciation. Shares of mutual funds may only be traded at their stated net asset value ("NAV"), calculated at the end of each day upon the market's close.

Investing in exchange traded funds ("ETFs") bears similar risks and incurs similar costs to investing in mutual funds as described above. However, shares of an ETF may be traded like stocks on the open market and are not redeemable at an NAV. As such, the value of an ETF may fluctuate throughout the day and investors will be subject to the cost associated with the bid-ask spread (the difference between the price a buyer is willing to pay (bid) for an ETF and the seller's offering (asking) price).

Clients are encouraged to carefully read the prospectus of any mutual fund or ETF to be purchased for investment to obtain a full understanding of its respective risks and costs.

- iv. Investing in common stocks means that a client will be subject to the risks of the overall market as well as risks associated with the particular company or companies whose stock is owned. These risks can include, for example, changes in economic conditions, growth rates, profits, interest rates and the market's perception of these securities. Common stocks tend to be more volatile and more risky than certain other forms of investments, especially as compared to fixed income products like bonds.
- v. Investing in bonds means that a client will be subject to the market prices of such debt securities, which typically fluctuate depending on interest rates, credit quality, and maturity. In general, market prices of debt securities decline when interest rates rise and rise when interest rates fall. The longer the time to a bond's maturity, the greater its interest rate risk. Bonds are also subject to inflation risk, reinvestment risk, redemption risk, and valuation risk.
- vi. Investments in limited partnerships are often subject to liquidity restrictions, which means that a client may not be able to redeem his or her investment until a redemption window is available. In addition, such investments can be more volatile and less transparent than an exchange-listed security that trades daily in an electronic marketplace. Limited partnerships are generally more difficult to value than exchange-listed securities, and therefore are more reliant on individual judgment as opposed to market prices when determining a valuation. Investors into limited partnerships are typically required to be either accredited investors, qualified clients, or both, and should carefully consider the specific risks described in the applicable private placement memorandum, limited partnership agreement, and other fund-related disclosure documents.
- vii. Investments in private placements are often subject to liquidity restrictions, which means that a client may not be able to redeem his or her investment until a redemption window is available. In addition, such investments can be more volatile and less transparent than an exchange-listed security that trades daily in an electronic marketplace. Private placements are generally more difficult to value than exchange-listed securities, and therefore are more reliant on individual judgment as opposed to market prices when determining a valuation. Investors into private placements are typically required to be either accredited investors, qualified clients, or both, and should carefully consider the specific risks described in the applicable private placement memorandum, limited partnership agreement, and other fund-related disclosure documents.

Item 9: Disciplinary Information

There are no legal or disciplinary events that are material to a client's or prospective client's evaluation of Adviser's advisory business or the integrity of Adviser's management.

Item 10: Other Financial Industry Activities & Affiliations

- A. Neither Adviser nor any of its management persons are registered, or have an application pending to register, as a broker-dealer or a registered representative of a broker-dealer.
- B. Neither Adviser nor any of its management persons are registered, or have an application pending to register, as a futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, a commodity trading advisor, or an associated person of the foregoing entities.
- C. Neither Adviser nor any of its management persons have any related persons described below:
 - i. broker-dealer, municipal securities dealer, or government securities dealer or broker
 - ii. investment company or other pooled investment vehicle (including a mutual fund, closed-end investment company, unit investment trust, private investment company or "hedge fund," and offshore fund)
 - iii. other investment adviser or financial planner
 - iv. futures commission merchant, commodity pool operator, or commodity trading advisor
 - v. banking or thrift institution
 - vi. lawyer or law firm
 - vii. insurance company or agency
 - viii. pension consultant
 - ix. real estate broker or dealer
 - x. sponsor or syndicator of limited partnerships
- D. Matthew Walker is the Owner of Walker Accounting Group, an accounting firm offering accounting, consulting and bill pay services. This activity is separate and distinct from the activities of Adviser; however, it is anticipated that clients of Walker Accounting Group will become clients of Adviser, and clients of Adviser will become clients of Walker Accounting Group. This presents a conflict of interest due to the additional compensation that Matthew Walker will earn to the extent clients retain both the services of Adviser and Walker Accounting Group. Adviser addresses this conflict of interest by fully disclosing it in this brochure, by informing clients that they are under no obligation to retain the services of Walker Accounting Group, and by informing clients that they are free to retain any accountant they deem fit for the provision of accounting consulting and bill pay services.
- E. As described earlier in Item 4 of this brochure, Adviser may retain a Third-Party Adviser to provide investment advisory, administrative, and other back-office services to Adviser for the benefit of Adviser and its clients. Adviser does not receive any compensation directly from the Third-Party Adviser, but the Third-Party Adviser does offer services that are intended to directly benefit Adviser, clients, or both. Such services include (a) an online platform through which Adviser can monitor and review client accounts, create model portfolios, and perform other client account maintenance matters, (b) access to technology that allows for client account aggregation, (c) quarterly client statements, (d) invitations to Third-Party Adviser's educational conferences, (e) practice management consulting, (f) full or partial sponsorship of client appreciation or education events, and (g) occasional business meals and entertainment. The availability of such services from the Third-Party Adviser creates a conflict of interest, to the extent Adviser may be motivated to retain the Third-Party Adviser as opposed to an alternative turnkey asset management provider (or to not retain one at all). Adviser addresses this conflict of interest by performing appropriate due diligence on Third-Party Adviser to confirm its services are in the best interests of clients, periodically evaluating alternatives, and evaluating the merit of Third-Party Adviser without consideration for the benefits received by Adviser.

Item 11: Code of Ethics, Participation or Interest in Client Transactions & Personal Trading

- A. Adviser has adopted a code of ethics that will be provided to any client or prospective client upon request. Adviser's code of ethics describes the standards of business conduct that Adviser requires of its supervised persons, which is reflective of Adviser's fiduciary obligations to act in the best interests of its clients. The code of ethics also includes sections related to compliance with securities laws, reporting of personal securities transactions and holdings, reporting of violations of the code of ethics to Adviser's Chief Compliance Officer, pre-approval of certain investments by access persons, and the distribution of the code of ethics and any amendments to all supervised persons followed by a written acknowledgement of their receipt.
- B. Neither Adviser nor any of its related persons recommends to clients, or buys or sells for client accounts, securities in which Adviser or any of its related persons has a material financial interest except to the extent that certain clients of Adviser are direct investors and equity owners of Adviser itself. Clients that are direct investors and equity owners of Adviser should be aware of the conflict of interest that is presented by this arrangement, as Adviser has an incentive to initially recommend that such client become an investor and equity owner in Adviser, as well as to recommend that such client remain an investor and equity owner and/or increase one's equity ownership stake in Adviser. Adviser addresses this conflict of interest by only considering a very limited number of pre-existing clients as investors and equity owners in Adviser, by making full and fair disclosure of the conflict of interest in this brochure as well as the separate offering documents with respect to Adviser, and by always acting as a fiduciary by making initial and ongoing investment recommendations that are in clients' best interests.
- C. From time to time, Adviser or its related persons will invest in the same securities (or related securities such as warrants, options or futures) that Adviser or a related person recommends to clients. This has the potential to create a conflict of interest because it affords Adviser or its related persons the opportunity to profit from the investment recommendations made to clients. Adviser's policies and procedures and code of ethics address this potential conflict of interest by prohibiting such trading by Adviser or its related persons if it would be to the detriment of any client and by monitoring for compliance through the reporting and review of personal securities transactions. In all instances Adviser will act in the best interests of its clients.
- D. From time to time, Adviser or its related persons will buy or sell securities for client accounts at or about the same time that Adviser or a related person buys or sells the same securities for its own (or the related person's own) account. This has the potential to create a conflict of interest because it affords Adviser or its related persons the opportunity to trade either before or after the trade is made in client accounts, and profit as a result. Adviser's policies and procedures and code of ethics address this potential conflict of interest by prohibiting such trading by Adviser or its related persons if it would be to the detriment of any client and by monitoring for compliance through the reporting and review of personal securities transactions. In all instances Adviser will act in the best interests of its clients.

Item 12: Brokerage Practices

- A. Adviser considers several factors when recommending a custodial broker-dealer for client transactions and determining the reasonableness of such custodial broker-dealer's compensation. Such factors include the custodial broker-dealer's industry reputation and financial stability, service quality and responsiveness, execution price, speed and accuracy, reporting abilities, and general expertise. Assessing these factors as a whole allows Adviser to fulfil its duty to seek best execution for its clients' securities transactions. However, Adviser does not guarantee that the custodial broker-dealer recommended for client transactions will necessarily provide the best possible price, as price is not the sole factor considered when seeking best execution. After considering the factors above, Adviser recommends Charles Schwab & Co., Inc. ("Schwab") as the custodial broker-dealer for client accounts.
- i. Adviser does not receive research and other soft dollar benefits in connection with client securities transactions, which are known as "soft dollar benefits". However, the custodial broker-dealer(s) recommended by Adviser do provide certain products and services that are intended to directly benefit Adviser, clients, or both. Such products and services include (a) an online platform through which Adviser can monitor and review client accounts, (b) access to proprietary technology that allows for order entry, (c) duplicate statements for client accounts and confirmations for client transactions, (d) invitations to the custodial broker-dealer(s)' educational conferences, and (e) practice management consulting. The receipt of these products and services creates a conflict of interest to the extent it causes Adviser to recommend Schwab as opposed to a comparable broker-dealer. Adviser addresses this conflict of interest by fully disclosing it in this brochure, evaluating Schwab based on the value and quality of its services as realized by clients, and by periodically evaluating alternative broker-dealers to recommend.
 - ii. Adviser does not consider, in selecting or recommending custodial broker-dealers, whether Adviser or a related person receives client referrals from a custodial broker-dealer or third-party.
 - iii. Adviser does not routinely recommend, request, or require that a client direct Adviser to execute transactions through a specified custodial broker-dealer other than Schwab.
- B. Adviser retains the ability to aggregate the purchase and sale of securities for clients' accounts with the goal of seeking more efficient execution and more consistent results across accounts. Aggregated trading instructions will not be placed if it would result in increased administrative and other costs, custodial burdens, or other disadvantages. If client trades are aggregated by Adviser, such aggregation will be done so as to not to disadvantage any client and to treat all clients as fairly and equally as possible.

Item 13: Review of Accounts

- A. The Investment Adviser Representatives of Adviser monitor client accounts on an ongoing basis, and typically reviews client accounts on a quarterly basis. Such reviews are designed to ensure that the client is still on track to achieve his or her financial goals, and that the investments remain appropriate given the client's risk tolerance, investment objectives, major life events, and other factors. Clients are encouraged to proactively reach out to Adviser to discuss any changes to their personal or financial situation.
- B. Other factors that may trigger a review include, but are not limited to, material developments in market conditions, material geopolitical events, and changes to a client's personal or financial situation (the birth of a child, preparing for a home purchase, plans to attend higher education, a job transition, impending retirement, death or disability among family members, etc.).
- C. The custodial broker-dealer will send account statements and reports directly to clients no less frequently than quarterly. Such statements and reports will be mailed to clients at their address of record or delivered electronically, depending on the client's election. If agreed to by Adviser and client, Adviser or a third-party report provider will also send clients reports to assist them in understanding their account positions and performance, as well as the progress toward achieving financial goals.

Item 14: Client Referrals and Other Compensation

- A. Nobody other than clients provides an economic benefit to Adviser for providing investment advice or other advisory services to clients. However, as described above in Item 12, the custodial broker-dealer(s) recommended for client accounts provides certain products and services that are intended to directly benefit Adviser, clients, or both.
- B. Neither Adviser nor a related person directly or indirectly compensates a person who is not Adviser's supervised person for client referrals.

Item 15: Custody

For clients that do not have their fees deducted directly from their account(s), Adviser will not have any custody of client funds or securities. For clients that have their fees deducted directly from their account(s), Adviser will typically be deemed to have limited custody over such clients' funds or securities pursuant to the SEC's custody rule and subsequent guidance thereto.

In addition, Adviser is indirectly deemed to have custody of the funds and securities within certain client accounts to the extent such clients are receiving bill pay or similar disbursement services from Adviser's affiliate, Walker Accounting Group. As a result, Adviser shall undergo an annual surprise custody exam from an independent accounting firm - the results of which will be available through the filing of Form ADV-E.

At no time will Adviser accept full custody of client funds or securities in the capacity of a custodial broker-dealer, and at all times client accounts will be held by a third-party qualified custodian as described in Item 12, above.

If a client receives account statements from both the custodial broker-dealer and Adviser or a third-party report provider, client is urged to compare such account statements and advise Adviser of any discrepancies between them.

Item 16: Investment Discretion

Adviser accepts discretionary authority to manage securities accounts on behalf of clients only pursuant to the mutual written agreement of Adviser and the client through a power-of-attorney, which is typically contained in the advisory agreement signed by Adviser and the client. Clients may place reasonable limitations on this discretionary authority so long as it is contained in a written agreement and/or power-of-attorney.

Item 17: Voting Client Securities

- A. Adviser does not have and will not accept authority to vote client securities.
- B. Clients will receive their proxies or other solicitations directly from their custodial broker-dealer or a transfer agent, as applicable, and should direct any inquiries regarding such proxies or other solicitations directly to the sender.

Item 18: Financial Information

- A. Adviser does not require or solicit prepayment of more than \$1,200 in fees per client, six months or more in advance.
- B. Adviser has no financial condition that is reasonably likely to impair its ability to meet contractual commitments to clients.
- C. Adviser has not been the subject of a bankruptcy petition at any time during the past ten years.